

2022 Small Business Exporting Survey

How Small Firms Do Business Globally







Foreword

America's small businesses find themselves at a crossroads: recovering from a pandemic and resulting economic downturn, looking to the future with a renewed sense of persistence and the confidence that they can meet any challenge head-on. The way we do business is forever changed and technology has brought even the smallest businesses closer to customers on the other side of the globe. Small businesses today are thinking more globally and are seeking more international business opportunities.

The National Small Business Association (NSBA) has partnered with the Export-Import Bank of the U.S. (EXIM) to conduct this survey of small business about their attitudes, practices and beliefs when it comes to doing business internationally. NSBA is the nation's oldest small-business advocacy organization serving its 65,000 members on a staunchly nonpartisan basis. EXIM is the official export credit agency of the U.S., working to support American job creation, prosperity and security through exporting. They help unlock financing solutions for U.S. companies competing around the globe.

NSBA and its international trade arm, the Small Business Exporters Association (SBEA) have been urging for years—decades, even—that more must be done to emphasize the needs of small business within the scope of U.S. trade. While progress has been made, this survey shows a growing appetite for export-related assistance and education among small business.

Among the small- and mid-sized exporters (SMEs) surveyed, 40 percent said they have sold goods or services to a customer outside the U.S., and among those who haven't, the majority—53 percent—said they would be interested in doing so. The biggest challenge to non-exporters: they don't know enough about it and simply don't know where to start.

Interestingly, while the size of businesses that responded to the survey were slightly smaller than in previous surveys, we found that those who export actually do so at higher rates than they did six years ago. That said, those that are exporting reported exporting to fewer countries than in previous years. This underscores the resource and information challenge for smaller businesses—particularly since the overwhelming majority of owners handle the export operations themselves—and why more are choosing to export to only a handful of countries.

Starting out exporting is a unique risk for smaller businesses and far too few know about the wealth of federal resources at their disposal. EXIM is one of many outstanding resources helping businesses reach customers globally, yet just 22 percent report being aware of the various federal agencies dedicated to helping export U.S. goods and services. The top challenge SMEs face in terms of sustaining or growing their export operations is finding foreign customers and navigating foreign import rules—two key issues that are the focal point for several federal agencies.

This lack of knowledge stems from many sources, however we found that far more businesses in this survey (typically smaller businesses) than in the 2016 survey report their lender has never mentioned EXIM products. The number one thing SMEs want the federal government to do to help foster exporting is to provide better and more export training and technical assistance and provide export tax incentives for small businesses.

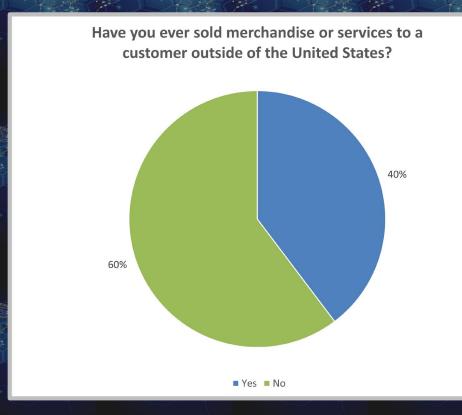
This survey was conducted online among 530 small businesses across the country April 14-May 12. We hope you find the data in this report useful. Please <u>contact the NSBA media affairs department</u> with questions.

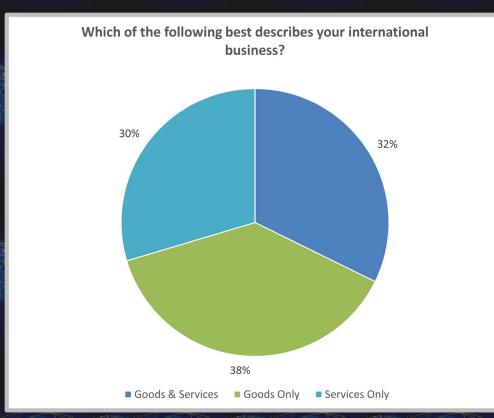
Sincerely,

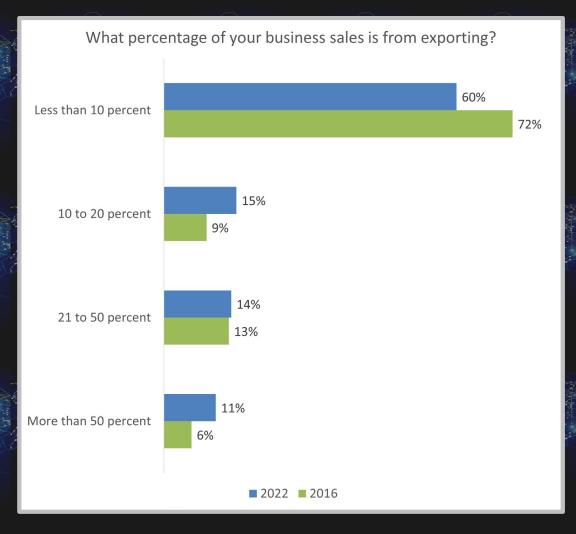
Todd McCracken NSBA President

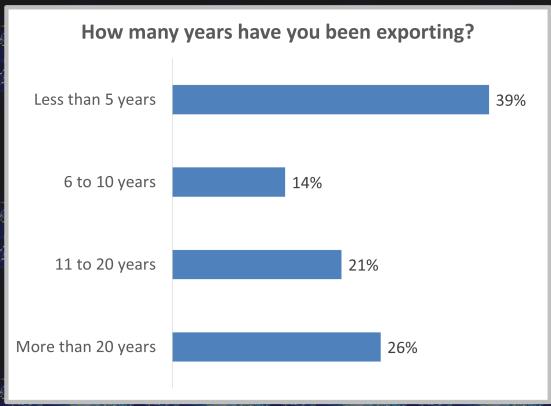
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Export Status

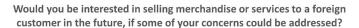


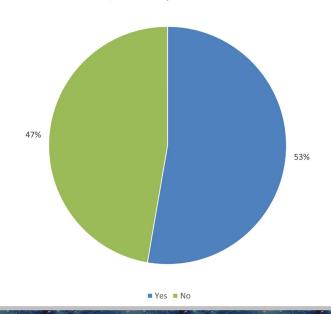




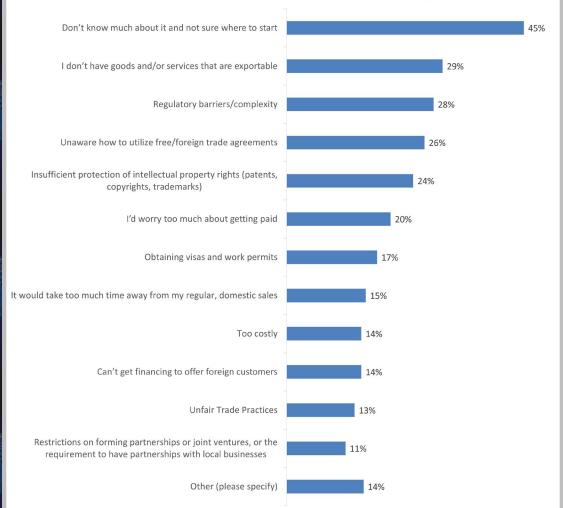


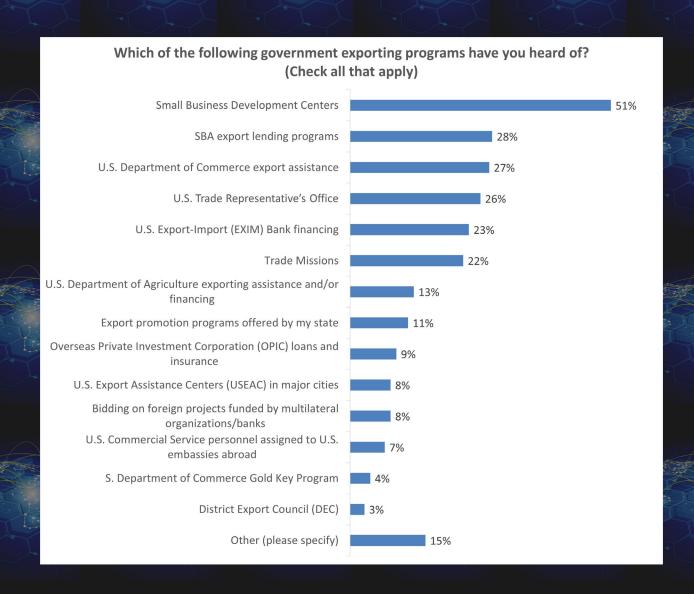
Non-Exporting SMEs





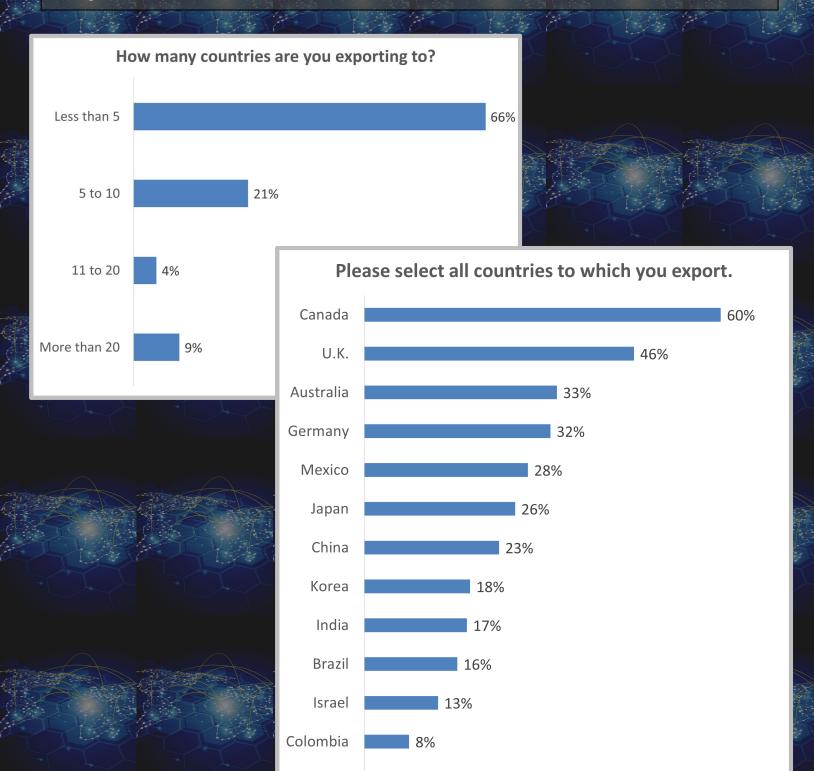
What do you consider the main barriers to selling your goods and/or services to foreign customers? (Check all that apply)





There was an increase among non-exporting SMEs that said they don't export because they don't know where to start, and a decrease in those who said they don't have anything to export. Small businesses are increasingly interested in exporting, but need additional resources and tools to help them start.

Export Reach



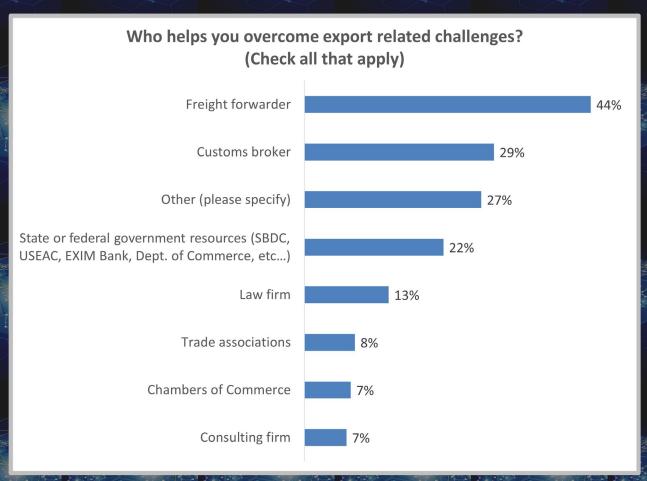
Panama

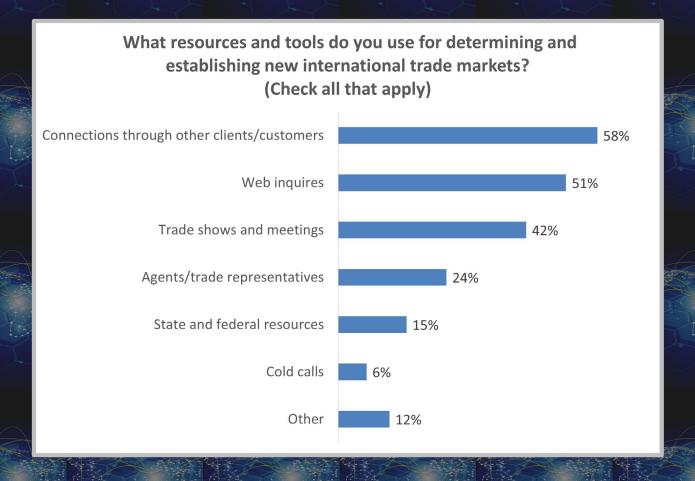
Peru

Other

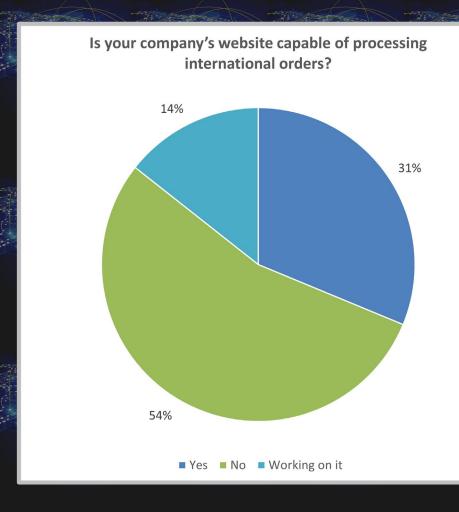
Export Management

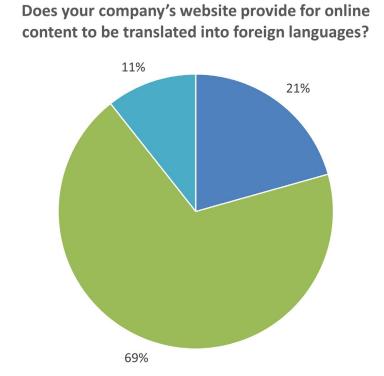






The overwhelming majority of small-business owners—59 percent—handle the export operations of their companies themselves.





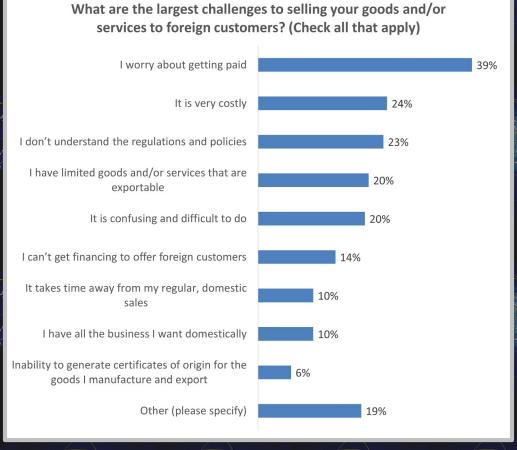
■ Yes ■ No ■ I don't know

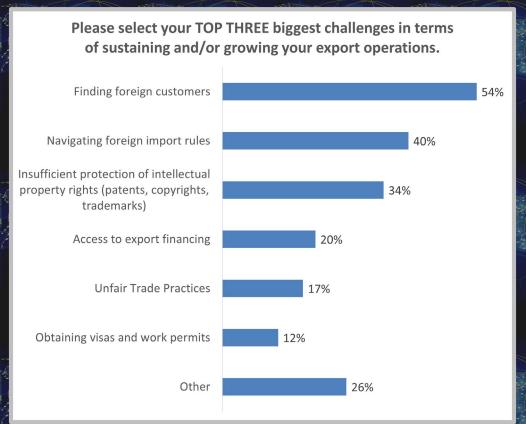
Federal Export Assistance

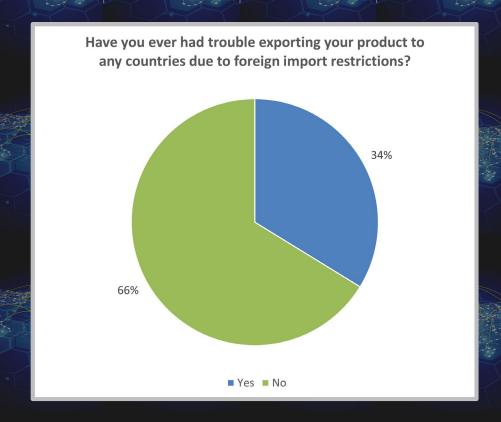
Which of the following government programs have you taken advantage of? (Check all that apply)



Export Challenges



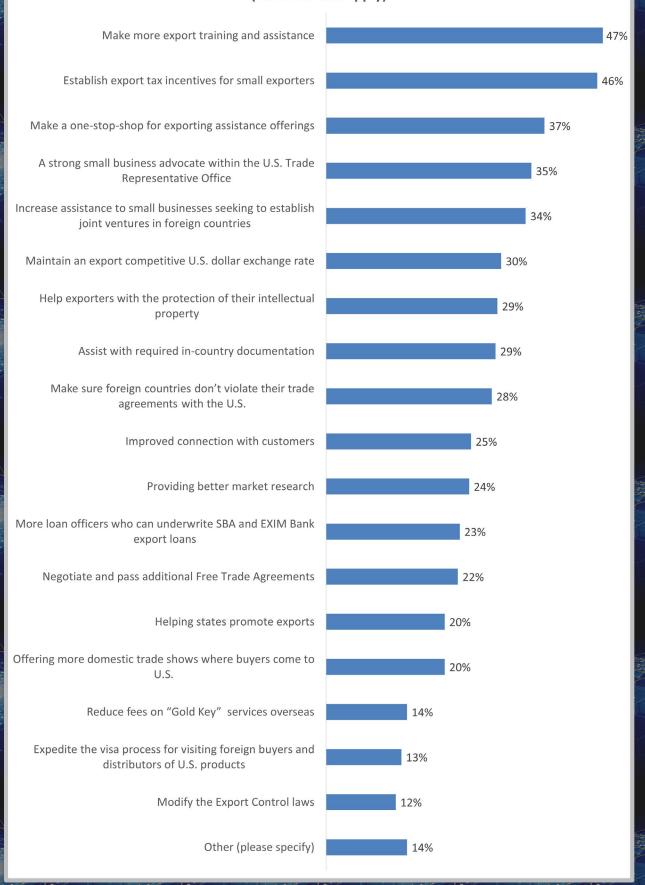




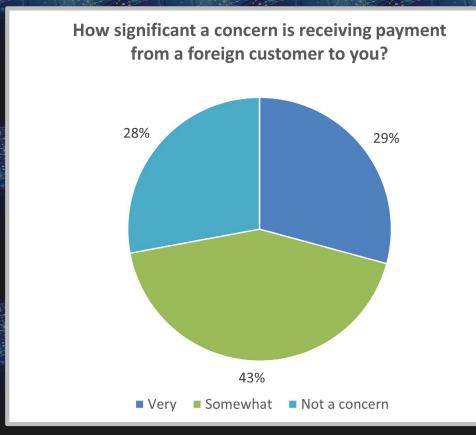
The biggest concern SMEs have when it comes to exporting is the worry over getting paid. Finding suitable foreign customers is a particularly big challenge among existing exporters looking to sustain or grow their export operations.

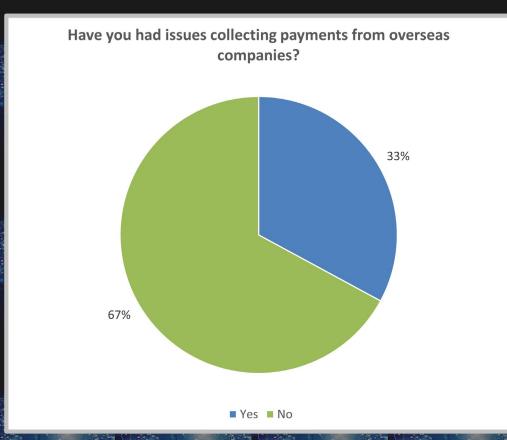
What types of federal government support for exporting would be most useful to you and your company as an exporter or as a potential exporter?

(Check all that apply)

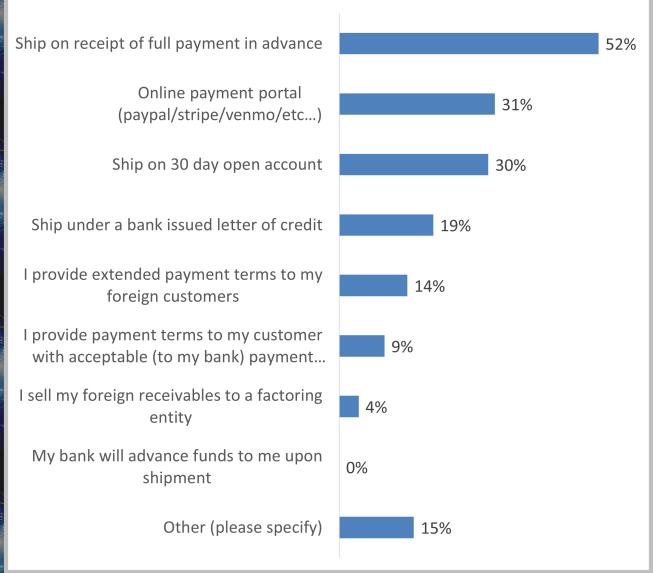


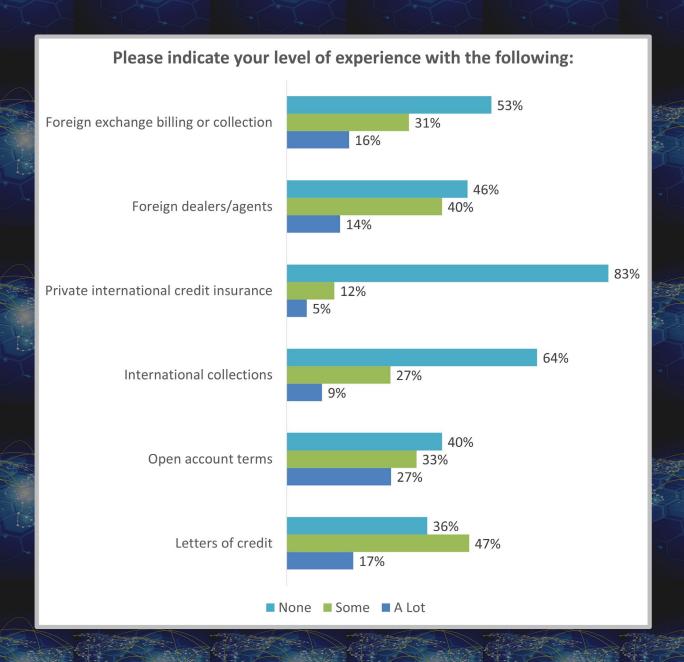
Export Payments





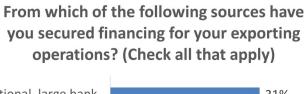


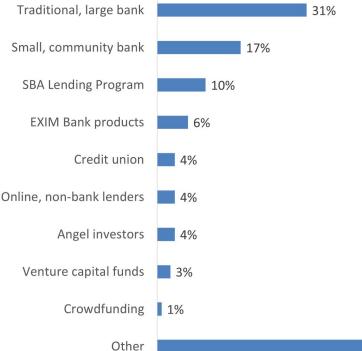


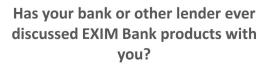


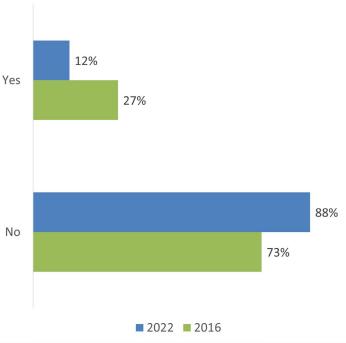
One-in-three SMEs have had issues collecting payments from foreign companies.

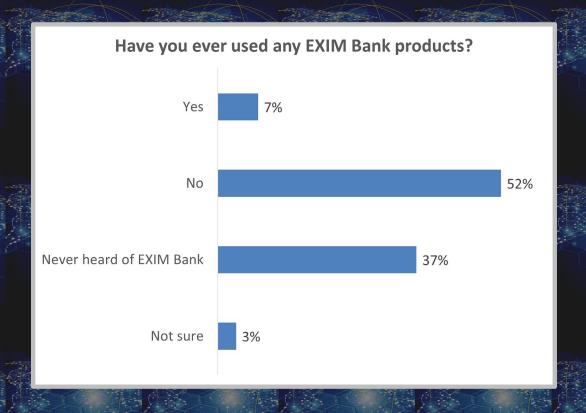
Export Finance

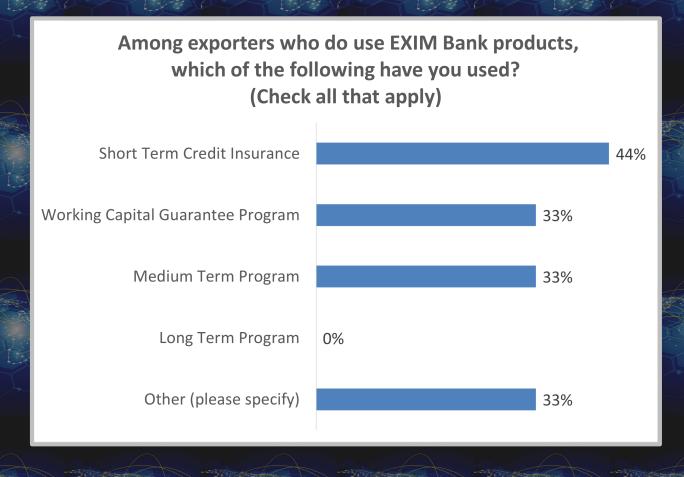


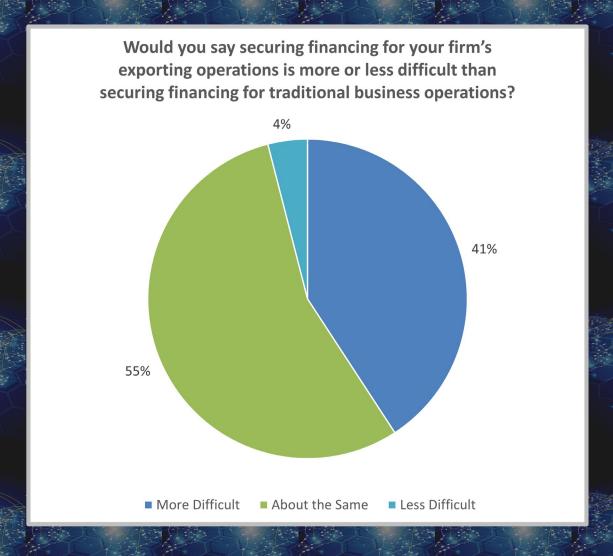






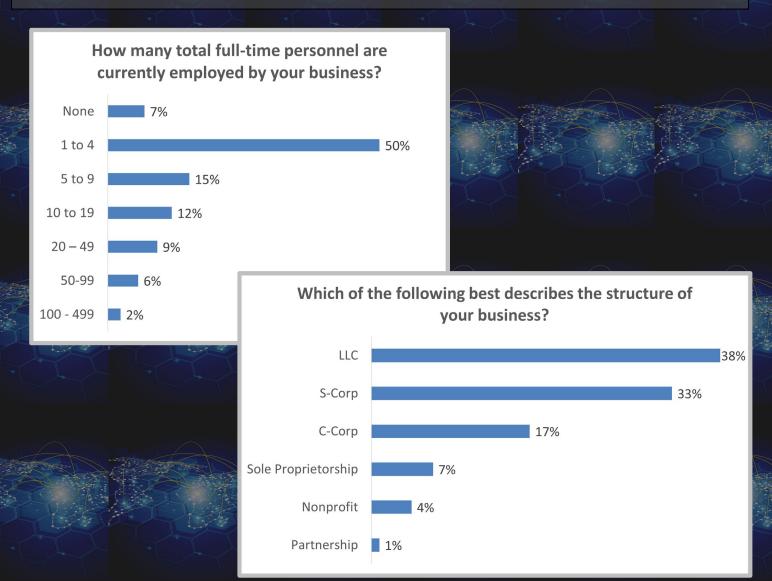






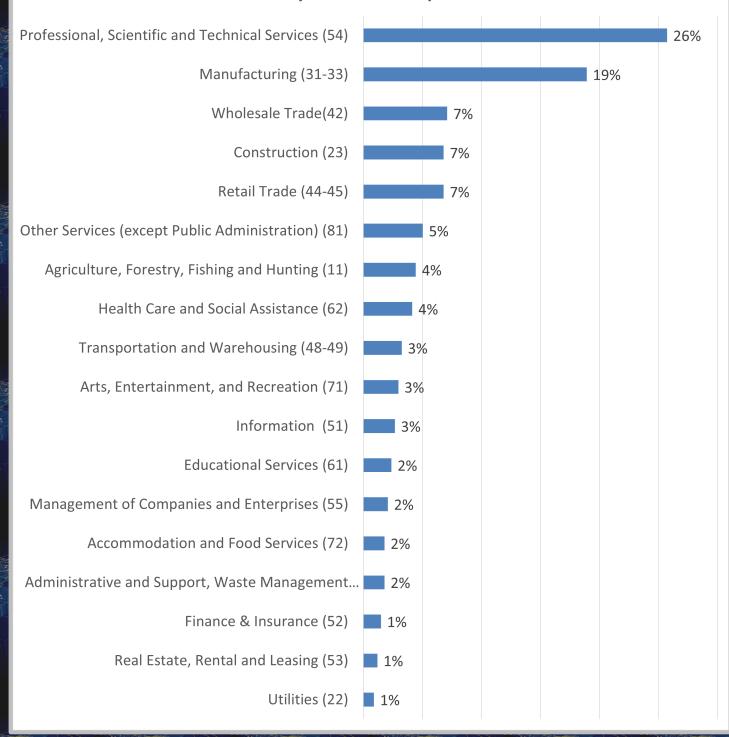
It is worth noting that, while in 2016 more SMEs reported their bank had discussed EXIM products with them, the average business size of respondents in the 2022 survey was much smaller. Meaning, many lenders are failing to provide smaller businesses with much-needed and very applicable information about EXIM's resources

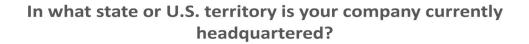
Demographics





Which of the following best describes the industry or sector in which your business operates?







Mid-Atlantic (Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia)

Great Lakes (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

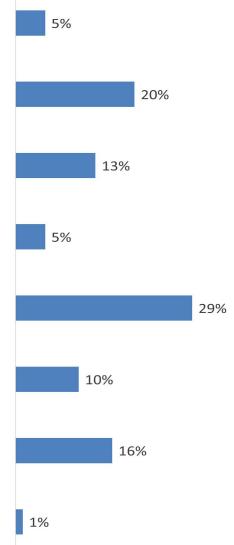
Farm Belt (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, North Dakota, Nebraska, South Dakota)

South (Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas)

> Mountain (Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming)

Pacific (Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington)

U.S. Territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)





Methodology

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